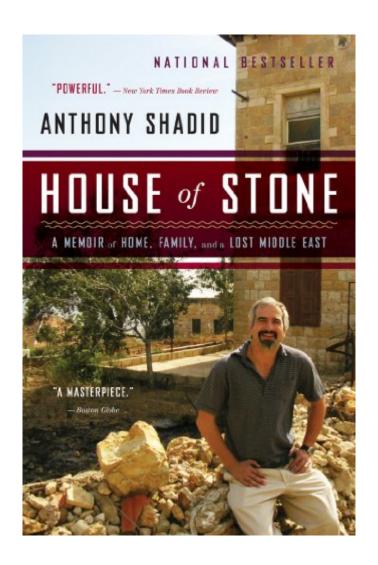


The book was found

House Of Stone: A Memoir Of Home, Family, And A Lost Middle East





Synopsis

 $\mbox{A}\mbox{c}\mbox{a}\mbox{-}\mbox{A}\mbox{c}\mbox{memoirs I}\mbox{A}\mbox{c}\mbox{a}\mbox{-}\mbox{a}\mbox{c}\mbox{c}\mbox{-}\mbox{A}\mbox{c}\mbox{a}\mbox{-}\mbox{A}\mbox{c}\mbox{a}\mbox{-}\mbox{A}\mbox{c}\mbox{a}\mbox{-}\mbox{A}\mbox{c}\mbox{a}\mbox{-}\mbox{A}\mbox{c}\mbox{c}\mbox{-}\mbox{a}\mbox{c}\mbox{-}\mbox{c}\mbox{c}\mbox{-}\mbox{c}\mbox{c}\mbox{-}\mbox{c}\mbo$

Book Information

File Size: 1696 KB

Print Length: 337 pages

Publisher: Mariner Books; Reprint edition (February 28, 2012)

Publication Date: February 28, 2012

Language: English

ASIN: B007BFXAXQ

Text-to-Speech: Enabled

X-Ray: Enabled

Word Wise: Enabled

Lending: Not Enabled

Screen Reader: Supported

Enhanced Typesetting: Enabled

Best Sellers Rank: #151,126 Paid in Kindle Store (See Top 100 Paid in Kindle Store) #3 inà Books > Travel > Middle East > Lebanon #8 inà Books > History > Middle East > Lebanon #33 inà Â Kindle Store > Kindle eBooks > Nonfiction > Travel > Middle East

Customer Reviews

America celebrates immigration. Over the past few centuries, almost everyone who has moved here has found it welcoming, has had little trouble integrating, and - over a fairly short period of time - has found it inviting to call the country home. But not for the late New York Times reporter Anthony Shadid.Born and raised in Oklahoma to second-generation Lebanese-American parents, Shadid was attracted to a different world, one that is not only thousands of miles away, but one hundred years back. In his House of Stone, Shadid described a "project" that he had undertaken. He moved back to his ancestral homeland in Marjayoun, south of Lebanon, and started renovating the long-vacant house of Isber Samara, his great grandfather."My family wasn't here," he wrote. "They had shown little interest in my project." Shadid said that on those occasions when he spoke to his daughter, Leila, she asked him what he was doing so far away, to which he answered: "Rebuilding our home." Shadid dreamt "of the day [he] would bring her... to a house she could call hers. "But why was Shadid exactly looking for a "house/home." What was wrong with Oklahoma where he grew up, or Maryland, where Leila lived with her mother, his ex-wife? Shadid was not the first Arab-American to search for a place to call home. Before him, the late Edward Said, a Palestinian-American professor at the University of Columbia, published his memoirs in a book called "Out of Place." And like Said, Sahdid mainly blamed the West for his lost home. Both men used their remarkably beautiful prose, ironically not in their native Arabic but in English, to describe the presumably harmonious Arab world that once existed before World War I, and before the colonials - first Britain and France and later the United States - wiped it out."Artificial and forced, instruments themselves of repression, the borders were their obstacle, having wiped away what was best about the Arab world," Shadid wrote. "They hewed to no certain logic; a glimpse at any map suggests as much. The lines are too straight, too precise to embrace the ambiguities of geography and history. They are frontiers without frontiers, ignorant of trajectories shaped by centuries, even millennia."However, unlike Said who wrote about his displacement from the luxury of his Manhattan Apartment in New York, Shadid decided to do something about it. He immigrated back to Lebanon and was set to restore his ancestor's House of Stone to its past glory. "[I]magine I can bring back something that was lost," he argued. That something was "Isber's world, which, while simpler, was no less tumultuous than my own." This begs the question: If Isber's world was disorderly, why blame the colonial borders for wiping "away what was best about the Arab world." And if Isber's world was already chaotic, why bring it back and insist on calling it home? House of Stone is the story of Shadid's renovation project in southern Lebanon, interjected with his reconstruction of the history of his family in Marjayoun, and their emigration to the United States. Along the way, Shadid narrated,

mainly to a Western audience, the daily routine of his project, which included recruiting masons. haggling with suppliers and talking to friends. His narration, however, has a number of mistakes that gives away Shadid being a non-native. Despite his best effort to learn the Arabic language and culture during college days, Shadid still fell short of grasping all of the intricacies of Arab life. For instance, when describing a fruit street vendor, Shadid wrote: "Bateekh, bateekh, bateekh, ala al sikeen ya bateekh," and translated it into: "Watermelon, watermelon, watermelon... a watermelon ready for the knife." While the translation might pass, Shadid missed the cultural nuance. When a Lebanese customer goes to buy a watermelon, he usually asks for assurances from the vendor about its "redness" and "sweetness." The vendor usually replies confidently that his watermelons are the best and takes out a knife offering to cut a small piece as a tasting sample to prove his claim. When vendors push their carts down the streets of Lebanon and shout "al sikeen ya batteekh," they don't mean "ready for the knife," like Shadid thought. Their "knife" call is an invitation to customers to challenge their claim. In another paragraph, Shadid wrote: "In the Middle East, the tiles came to be known as sajjadeh, one of the Arabic words for carpet." In Arabic. at least in Lebanon, tiles mean blat. It is customary - especially in old houses - for tiles to be arranged in patterns to display nice geometric shapes, in which case they would be called "saijadeh," or carpet. Shadid died a few months ago because of his allergy to horses while being smuggled out of Syria where he had finished covering the ongoing revolution there. His book had not been published yet. The book, his understanding of the heritage of his ancestors and their culture, summarizes his attempt to recreate what he thought was their better world, and live in it. That world, which perhaps never existed, he wanted to call home. Shadid was cremated and his ashes thrown over the House of Stone and over the world that never existed, the world that he never barely got a chance to live in.

A multi-generational story about Shadid's rebuilding his great-grandfather's house, he creates a mosaic of histories of his family, and the families of his friends and the builders. He weaves the home's history and his families and friends histories with that of Lebanon and the nation's history before, during and after independence. His writing also an overview of Lebanon's civil war. While a glossary with some of Arabic words might have been helpful, the book was obviously a passion for the writer and hopefully most of the readers will learn and understand those words through the context of the book. I'm traveling to Lebanon in sixty days to stay with a Lebanese friend and her family. Thank you Mr. Shadid for sharing part of your country with me. Rest in peace.

Simply brilliant, authoritative, inspiring, historically factual. To understand the dynamics of the Arab World, culture, family and blood relationships, tribal and badoo temperaments, the unbroken human chain of the Hawarna(emanating from the planes of Houran in today's Syria near the Jordanian border, before that they immigrated from Maarrib Yemen. They are today's families (the Farhas, Rashids, Shadids, Barakats, Rahalls, Samaras and many others) the beiyout singular Beit) and Dars' (houses of stones) they left in Judida (MarjOyoun) in the wake of their migration 1890-1930, mainly to America and Brazil. Anthony vividly recalled in the appropriate nostalgic overtones their story, that only a Hourani, the Hawarna, the badoo can tell. These heart breaking events, a badoo leaving the land of their tribal youth, breaking a holy bond between them and their land, it must be said that Anthony masterfully set the tone and captured the feeling of those history and events forced them to abandon their Diar (homestead) with such warmth and special sense of humor. Rarely a writer stay the whole course of his or her journey with his/her readers. Anthony did exactly that. Anthony with you in every page building the walls of his house of stone, stone by stone, with his readers and generously sharing his and the emotion of his family's odyssey to the promiseland, America. I must admit, that Anthony and his House of Stone next to The Prophet of Gibran are on my night table. Reading Anthony's House of Stone brings back sweet memories of my childhood and rekindle my pride of being a HouraniFred L. FarhaOttawa Canada

Download to continue reading...

House of Stone: A Memoir of Home, Family, and a Lost Middle East House Plants: A Guide to Keeping Plants in Your Home (House Plants Care, House Plants for Dummies, House Plants for Beginners, Keeping Plants in Your Home, DIY House Plants Book 1) Democracy and Youth in the Middle East: Islam, Tribalism and the Rentier State in Oman (Library of Modern Middle East Studies) Syria and Iran: Diplomatic Alliance and Power Politics in the Middle East (Library of Modern Middle East Studies) Power and Policy in Syria: Intelligence Services, Foreign Relations and Democracy in the Modern Middle East (Library of Modern Middle East Studies) Online Activism in the Middle East: Political Power and Authoritarian Governments from Egypt to Kuwait (Library of Modern Middle East Studies) MiG-23 Flogger in the Middle East: Mikoyan i Gurevich MiG-23 in Service in Algeria, Egypt, Iraq, Libya and Syria, 1973 until Today (Middle East@War) Writing Off the Beaten Track: Reflections on the Meaning of Travel and Culture in the Middle East (Contemporary Issues in the Middle East) Greater Middle East Region: Including Afghanistan, Pakistan, Libya and Turkey (Hammond Greater Middle East Region Map) Everyday Life in the Muslim Middle East, Third Edition (Indiana Series in Middle East Studies) From Resilience to Revolution: How Foreign Interventions Destabilize the Middle East (Columbia Studies in Middle East Politics) The Middle

East on the Eve of Modernity: Aleppo in the Eighteenth Century (Study of the Middle East Institute Ser) Tiny Houses: Minimalistââ ¬â,,¢s Tiny House Living (Floor Plans Included) (tiny house construction, tiny homes, tiny house design, small houses, small homes, tiny house building, tiny house lifestyle, micro homes) Harley Loco: A Memoir of Hard Living, Hair, and Post-Punk, from the Middle East to the Lower East Side Stone by Stone: The Magnificent History in New England's Stone Walls Summary - Hillbilly Elegy: Book by J. D. Vance - A Memoir of a Family and Culture in Crisis (Hillbilly Elegy - A Memoir of a Family and Culture in Crisis ... - Book, Paperback, Hardcover, Audible 1) Beginner's Home Recording On A Budget: How to Build an Affordable Recording Studio at Home and Get Your Music Heard (Home Recording, Home Recording for ... Songwriting, Home Studio, Acoustic) INTERIOR DESIGN: The Beginner's guide, organise your home, techniques and principles on art of decoration: Customise your home with us (Home design, home construction, home arranging with style) Vol.1. Explanation of Sumerian and Assyrian Tablets, Slabs and seals and Translation of Cuneiform Inscriptions (Illustrated History of the Civilizations, ... Middle East, Near East, and Asia Minor.) Tiny Houses: The Ultimate Beginner's Guide!: 20 Space Hacks for Living Big in Your Tiny House (Tiny Homes, Small Home, Tiny House Plans, Tiny House Living Book 1)

Contact Us

DMCA

Privacy

FAQ & Help